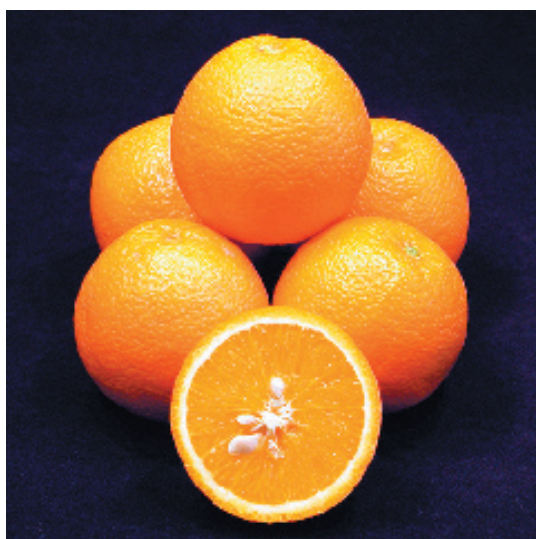


orange variety fact sheet

Parson Brown



Origin

First discovered as a seedling in Florida in 1856 after fruit was brought from China. Imported into Australia from Spain (as clone 29-3) and released from plant quarantine in 1988. Once a popular early season juicing variety in Florida, it now only constitutes about 5% of plantings.

Type

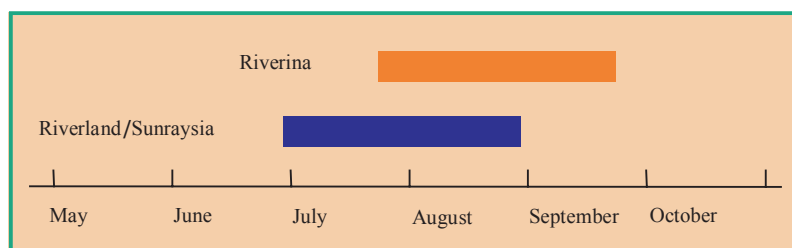
Common orange, average of 12 seeds per fruit, mid season juicing variety.

Market

Fresh juice market during winter.

Potential harvesting period

July-September depending on location.



Juice Quality

High juice content, sweet, but can be pale in colour. Fruit seedy with an average of 12 seeds/fruit. From data collected during July over three seasons at Dareton (NSW Sunraysia) site, average juice content was 47% with TSS/tonne of 55 and yielding 448 litres of juice per tonne.

External Fruit Quality

Fruit is round with a smooth well coloured rind. Small to medium fruit size.

Extent of Plantings

Plantings being established in the Riverina region of NSW.

Field Performance

Trials were planted in 1997 at Waikerie (Riverland-South Australia), Griffith, Leeton and Dareton (NSW). Trees were established on Troyer citrange, Sweet orange and *Poncirus trifoliata* rootstocks. Fruit quality deteriorates quickly if left on the tree past full maturity, particularly on sandy loam soil types. Trees vigorous and productive at a young age. Full results of these trials are published in the HAL final report CT 98033 - National Evaluation of Valencia and Common Orange Varieties. Long term field performance is still to be assessed.

Parson Brown orange variety

State of Knowledge



Auscitrus

Growers should ensure that trees are propagated from true to type, disease free seed and Premium budwood obtained from Auscitrus

Disclaimer:

Information contained in this publication is provided as general advice only.

For application to specific circumstances, professional advice should be sought.

Last Revised: December 2005

